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**Golden National School**

**Covid-19 Response Plan**

This Covid-19 Response Plan is designed to support the staff and Board of Management (BOM)

in putting measures in place that will prevent the spread of Covid-19 in Golden National School.

V4 – August 2021

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This is a living document and may be reviewed and amended to take into account new guidance from [www.Gov.ie](http://www.Gov.ie), [www.dbei.ie](http://www.dbei.ie) ,[www.hse.ie](http://www.hse.ie), [www.hpsc.ie](http://www.hpsc.ie),[www.hsa.ie](http://www.hsa.ie); [www.education.ie](http://www.education.ie) or agreements with education partners as appropriate for primary and special schools.

1. **Introduction**

A revision of the COVID-19 Response Plan for the safe and sustainable operation of Primary and Special Schools is necessary to ensure that it is in compliance with the Government’s Resilience and Recovery 2020-2021: Plan for Living with COVID-19 and the ‘Work Safely Protocol’ which has been developed by the Department of Business, Enterprise and Innovation and the Department of Health with guidance documents provided by the Health and Safety Authority (HSA).

The ‘Work Safely Protocol’ is a revised version of the ‘Return to Work Safely Protocol’ and contains many of the elements and features of the original guidance but is updated to reflect the latest advice issued by Government and National Health Emergency Team (NPHET) to reduce the spread of COVID-19 in the workplace.

Each workplace is required to have a COVID-19 Response Plan. In addition to being places of learning, schools are also places of work. This document sets out the information that primary schools need to review their school COVID-19 Response Plan, including a COVID-19 policy, lead worker representative and process to deal with a suspected case of COVID-19.

The purpose of this document is to provide clear and helpful guidance for the safe operation through the prevention, early detection and control of COVID-19 in primary and special schools. It provides key messages to minimise the risk of COVID-19 for staff, pupils, families and the wider community while recognising the importance of education for the health and wellbeing of pupils and society as a whole.

This document focuses on the practical steps which can be taken in primary and special schools to minimise the risk of the introduction of infection into schools while recognising that no interpersonal activity is without risk of transmission of infection at any time. The documentation and templates in this booklet are supported by the public health advice provided by the Health Protection Surveillance Centre (HPSC) for the safe reopening of schools and educational facilities. That report is available [here.](https://assets.gov.ie/78748/8796d60e-790e-4007-add1-de18e509a3c1.pdf)

Further advice from the HPSC on the use of face coverings in educational settings was received on the 6th August2020. This advice is available [here](https://assets.gov.ie/83506/86fba2a7-26da-4c19-bce3-b0d01aaaf59b.pdf).

One of the key challenges is to balance the need for a practical and sensible level of caution with the need to provide a supportive environment forteaching and learning. This document identifies the steps schools can take to do everything practical to avoid the introduction of COVID-19 into the school and the steps that can be taken to reduce the likelihood of the spread within the school itself.

The Department has worked intensively with the education partners to develop consistent plans, advice, protocols and guidance for schools, including the School COVID-19 Response plan. There is a suite of documentation available tosupport schools to continue to operate safely and fully including guidance on learning, school programmes and wellbeing for the 2020/21 school year. There is also information on funding, staffing and resources to schools to support COVID-19 measures. Schools are advised to familiarise themselves with these documents. All of the documents will be available at [**gov.ie/backtoschool**](http://www.gov.ie/backtoschool)

1. **What is a COVID-19 Response Plan?**

A COVID-19 Response Plan is designed to support the staff and Board of Management (BOM)/Education Training Board (ETB) in putting measures in place that aim to prevent the spread of Covid-19 in the school environment.

The COVID-19 Response Plan details the policies and practices necessary for a school to meet the Government’s ‘*Work Safely Protocol’*, to prevent the introduction and spread of Covid-19 in the school environment.

It is important that school-based teaching and learning and the operation of school facilities complies with the public health advice and guidance documents prepared by the Department. Doing so minimises the risk to pupils, staff and others. The response plan supports the sustainable operation of schools where the overriding objective is to protect the health of staff and pupils while promoting the educational and development needs of the pupils in the school. The COVID-19 response plan is a living document and will be updated in line with the public health advice as appropriate for primary and special schools.

In line with the Work Safely Protocol, the key to maintaining a safe school requires strong communication and a shared collaborative approach between the BOM/ETB, staff, pupils and parents.

The assistance and cooperation of all staff, pupils, parents, contractors and visitors is critical to the continued success of the plan.

*Every effort is made to ensure the accuracy of the information provided in this document. However, should errors or omissions be identified, please notify us so that appropriate measures can be taken to rectify same.*

1. **Golden N.S. COVID-19 Policy Statement**

Golden National School is committed to providing a safe and healthy workplace for all our staff and a safe learning environment for all our pupils. To ensure that, we have developed the following COVID-19 Response Plan. The BOM and all school staff are responsible for the implementation of this plan and a combined effort will help contain the spread of the virus. We will:

* continue to monitor our COVID-19 response and amend this plan in consultation with our staff
* provide up to date information to our staff and pupils on the Public Health advice issued by the HSE and Gov.ie
* display information on the signs and symptoms of COVID-19 and correct hand-washing techniques
* agree with staff, a worker representative who is easily identifiable to carry out the role outlined in this plan
* inform all staff and pupils of essential hygiene and respiratory etiquette and physical distancing requirements
* adapt the school to facilitate physical distancing as appropriate in line with the guidance and direction of the Department of Education
* keep a contact log to help with contact tracing
* ensure staff engage with the induction / familiarisation briefing provided by the Department of Education
* implement the agreed procedures to be followed in the event of someone showing symptoms of COVID-19 while at school
* provide instructions for staff and pupils to follow if they develop signs and symptoms of COVID-19 during school time
* implement cleaning in line with Department of Education advice

All school staff will be consulted on an ongoing basis and feedback is encouraged on any concerns, issues or suggestions. This can be done through the Lead Worker Representative(s), who will be supported in line with the agreement between the Department and education partners.

**Timetable for Review**

The policy will be reviewed as the school year progresses in line with HSE guidelines and Department of Education and Skills advice.

**Ratification & Communication**

The BOM officially reviewed and ratified this policy on 10th August, 2020.

Signed: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Chairperson)

Michael Ormond

Signed: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Secretary)

James McCarthy

1. **Reviewing the safe operation of schools**

The BOM/ETB aims to facilitate the continuation of school based teaching and learning and a safe working environment for staff. The operation of schools must be done safely and in strict adherence to the public health advice and any guidance issued by the Department of Education.

Details for the safe operation of a school facility and the applicable controls are outlined in this document. Each school will need to review their current processes to ensure that they include the following:

* Arrangements to keep up to date with public health advice, changes to any Government plans for living with COVID-19 and Department of Education updates;
* Arrangements to pass on this information in a timely manner to staff, pupils, parents and others as required;
* Ensured that staff have reviewed the training materials provided by the Department of Education ***(details at Section 4.1);***
* Provided staff with access to the Return to Work (RTW) form (***details at Section 4.2);***
* Identified a Lead Worker representative ***(details at Section 4.3);***
* Displayed posters and other signage to prevent introduction and spread of COVID-19 ***(details at Section 4.4);***
* Made the necessary changes to the school or classroom layout if necessary to support the redesign of classrooms to support physical distancing ***(details at Section 4.5);***
* Removed unnecessary clutter to facilitate ongoing cleaning of the school taking into account the importance of having educational materials to create a stimulating learning environment;
* Updated the health and safety risk assessment ***(details at Section 4.6);***
* Made necessary arrangements to limit access to the school to necessary visitors and maintain records of contacts to the school ***(details at 4.7)***;
* Reviewed the school buildings to check the following after any period of closure:
* Does the water system need flushing at outlets following low usage to prevent Legionella disease;
* Has school equipment and mechanical ventilation been checked for signs of deterioration or damage before being used again;
* Have bin collections and other essential services resumed.

There are checklists in place to assist schools on the details of what is needed for these arrangements in the Appendices of this plan.

* 1. **Induction Training**

All staff will undertake and complete Covid-19 Induction Training prior to returning to the school building. The aim of such training is to ensure that staff have full knowledge and understanding of the following:

* Latest up to-date advice and guidance on public health;
* Covid-19 symptoms;
* What to do if a staff member or pupil develops symptoms of Covid-19 while at school;
* Outline of the Covid-19 response plan.

Staff will be kept fully informed of the control measures in place in the school and their duties and responsibilities in preventing the spread of Covid-19 and will be updated with any changes to the control measures or guidance available from the public health authorities.

If a staff member is unsure about any aspect of the COVID-19 Response Plan, the associated control measures, or his/her duties, he/she should immediately seek guidance from the Principal, who is supported in this role by the BOM/ETB

* 1. **Procedure for Returning to Work (RTW)**

In order to return to the workplace, staff must complete a **Return to Work (RTW)** form, which is available online or from the principal. A copy is attached also at ***Appendix 2.***

A RTW form should be completed and returned to the school before returning to work. Schools should request staff to confirm that the details in the Return to Work Form remain unchanged following subsequent periods of closure such as school holidays.

The principal will also provide details of the **Induction Training** for completion by staff and details of any additional health and safety measures in place in the school to facilitate the staff member’s return to the school facility.

There are some school staff who may be unable to return to school. Current public health guidelines have identified these people as being in groups who are defined as being at **very high risk.** This will be updated in line with public health advice.

[**People at very high risk (extremely vulnerable):**](https://www2.hse.ie/conditions/coronavirus/people-at-higher-risk.html)

The list of people in very high risk groups include people who:

* are over 70 years of age - even if fit and well
* have had an organ transplant
* are undergoing active chemotherapy for [cancer](https://www2.hse.ie/conditions/coronavirus/cancer-patients.html)
* are having radical radiotherapy for lung cancer
* have cancers of the blood or bone marrow such as leukaemia, lymphoma or myeloma who are at any stage of treatment
* are having immunotherapy or other continuing antibody treatments for cancer
* are having other targeted cancer treatments which can affect the immune system, such as protein kinase inhibitors or PARP inhibitors
* have had bone marrow or stem cell transplants in the last 6 months, or who are still taking immunosuppression drugs
* have severe respiratory conditions including cystic fibrosis, [severe asthma](https://www2.hse.ie/conditions/coronavirus/asthma.html), pulmonary fibrosis, lung fibrosis, interstitial lung disease and [severe COPD](https://www2.hse.ie/conditions/coronavirus/copd.html)
* have a condition that means they have a very high risk of getting infections (such as SCID, homozygous sickle cell)
* are [taking medicine that makes you much more likely to get infections](https://www2.hse.ie/conditions/coronavirus/weak-immune-system.html) (such as high doses of steroids or immunosuppression therapies)
* have a serious heart condition and are pregnant

The advice for this group is available from the HSE. Details of the working arrangements that apply to the very high risk school staff, is in accordance with those applying for the public service generally,and is detailed in the relevant Department of Educationcirculars available on the Department’s website.

* 1. **Lead Worker Representative**

The Protocol provides for the appointment of a Lead Worker Representative (LWR) in each workplace. The LWR will work in collaboration with the employer to assist in the implementation of measures to prevent the spread of COVID -19 and monitor adherence to those measures and to be involved in communicating the health advice around COVID-19 in the workplace.

This section sets out how the provisions will operate in schools. The process for appointment of the lead worker representative in schools has been agreed centrally between the Department of Education and the education partners.

Responsibility for the development, updating and implementation of the COVID-19 Response Plan and the associated control measures lies primarily with the Board of Management/ Education and Training Board and school management.

Strong communication and a shared collaborative approach is key to protecting against the spread of COVID-19 in schools, and looking after the health, safety and wellbeing of staff and students. Adherence to the Work Safely Protocol will only be achieved if everyone has a shared responsibility in implementing the measures contained within the Protocol in their place of work.

If a staff member has any concerns or observations in relation to the COVID-19 Response Plan, control measures or the adherence to such measures by staff, pupils or others he/she should contact the lead worker(s) who will engage with the principal/BOM.

## Role of the Lead Worker Representative

In summary, the role of the LWR is to:

* Represent all staff in the workplace regardless of role, and be aware of specific issues that may arise in respect of different staff cohorts;
* Work collaboratively with school management to ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, the safety, health and welfare of employees in relation to COVID-19;
* Keep up to date with the latest COVID-19 public health advice;
* In conjunction with school management, promote good hygiene practices such as washing hands regularly and maintaining good respiratory etiquette along with maintaining social distancing in accordance with public health advice;
* Assist school management with implementing infection prevention control measures to suppress COVID-19 in the workplace in line with the Work Safely Protocol and current public health advice;
* In conjunction with school management, monitor adherence to measures put in place to prevent the spread of COVID-19;
* Conduct regular reviews of safety measures;
* Report any issues of concern immediately to school management and keep records of such issues and actions taken to rectify them;
* Consult with the school management on the school’s COVID-19 Response Plan in the event of someone developing COVID-19 while in school including the location of an isolation area and a safe route to that area;
* Following any incident, assess with the school management any follow up action that is required;
* Consult with colleagues on matters relating to COVID-19 in the workplace;
* Make representations to school management on behalf of their colleagues on matters relating to COVID-19 in the workplace.

Every school will appoint one Lead Worker Representative

In schools with less than 30 staff, a Deputy Lead Worker Representative will be appointed in addition to the LWR. The role of the Deputy LWR will be to deputise as LWR where the LWR is absent.

In schools with 30 or more staff and in all Special schools, an Assistant Lead Worker Representative will be appointed in addition to the LWR. The role of the Assistant LWR will be to:

* assist the LWR in their duties as set out above; and
* deputise as LWR where the LWR is absent

**Lead Worker Representative (LWR): Margaret O’Brien**

**Deputy Lead Worker Representative (DLWR): Sinéad O’Neill**

All staff, pupils, parents, contractors and visitors have a responsibility both as individuals and collectively to have due regard for their own health and safety and that of others and to assist with the implementation of the COVID-19 Response Plan and associated infection prevention control measures.

Full details of the arrangements which will apply for the LWR in primary and special schools is set out at ***Appendix 3.***

* 1. **Signage**

Schools will be required to display signage outlining the signs and symptoms of COVID-19 and to support good hand and respiratory hygiene.

The Department has provided printed posters to schools, with age appropriate key health messages – hand washing, sneeze and cough etiquette etc.

Please see link below to these posters which will allow schools who may wish to have an additional supply of posters available. Any such supply can be sourced locally.

<https://www.education.ie/en/The-Department/Announcements/information-for-schools-preschools-and-third-level-institutions-on-the-coronavirus.html#1>

Schools can then arrange to display the posters in prominent areas such as offices, corridors, staffroom area, classrooms and toilets.

* 1. **Making Changes to School Layout**

Maintaining physical distancing in the school environment is recommended as one of the key infection prevention control measures to minimise the risk of the introduction and spreadof COVID-19. Further information on how physical distancing can be used in the school environment is found at ***Section 5.4*** below including a link to the suite of illustrative primary classroom layouts (including special classes).

Schools should reconfigure classrooms and other areas as necessary to support physical distancing in line with the guidance in advance of school reopening.

* 1. **Health and Safety Risk Assessment**

COVID-19 represents a hazard in the context of health and safety in the school environment. A template risk assessment to identify the control measures required to mitigate the risk of COVID-19 in school settings is attached at ***Appendix 4.***

It is important that schools review their emergency procedures involving, fire safety, first aid, accidents and dangerous occurrences to consider any new risks that arise due to the school’s COVID-19 Response Plan. Any changes to the school's existing emergency procedures should be documented and incorporated into the school’s safety statement.

Schools should also review their existing risk assessments to consider any new risks that arise due to the school’s COVID-19 Response Plan. Any changes to the school’s current risk assessments should also be documented and incorporated into the school safety statement.

**First Aid/Emergency Procedure**

The standard First Aid/emergency procedure shall continue to apply in schools. In an emergency or in case of a serious incident, schools should call for an ambulance or the fire brigade on 112/999giving details of location and type of medical incident.

* 1. **Access to School and Contact Log**

Access to the school building will be in line with agreed school procedures.

Arrangements for necessary visitors such as contractors and parentswith be restricted to essential purposes and limited to those who have obtained prior approval from the principal. The Department of Education Inspectorate may also need to visit schools and centres for education to support them as appropriate in the implementation of public health advice relating to creating a safe learning and working environment for all.

The prompt identification and isolation of potentially infectious individuals is a crucial step in restricting the spread of the virus and protecting the health and safety of the individuals themselves and other staff, contractors and visitors at the workplace. A detailed sign in/sign out log of those entering the school facilities should be maintained. The school should maintain a log of staff and pupil contacts. A sample contact log is available at ***Appendix 5*.**

The Data Protection Commission has provided guidance on the data protection implications of the return to work protocols. This advice can be found here:

<https://www.dataprotection.ie/en/news-media/data-protection-implications-return-work-safely-protocol>

Schools are reminded that all school records and data must be maintained and processed in compliance with the GDPR and the Data Protection Acts. The responsibility for compliance with the legislation rests with each school (or ETB) in their role as data controller.

1. **Infection Prevention Control Measures - To prevent Introduction and Spread of COVID-19 in Schools**

One of the key messages to manage the risks of COVID-19 is to do everything practical to avoid the introduction of COVID-19 into the school. If infection is not introduced it cannot be spread. The risk of spreading the infection once introduced exists in all interpersonal interactions; pupil-pupil, teacher-teacher and teacher- pupil and must be managed in all settings.

A range of essential control measures have been implemented to reduce the risk of the spread of Covid-19 virus and to protect the safety, health and welfare of staff, pupils, parents and visitors as far as possible within the school. The control measures shall continue to be reviewed and updated as required on an ongoing basis.

It is critical that staff, pupils, parents and visitors are aware of, and adhere to, the control measures outlined and that they fully cooperate with all health and safety requirements.

*Staff should note that they have a legal obligation under Section 13 of the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work Act 2005 to comply with health and safety requirements and to take reasonable care for the health and safety of themselves, their colleagues and other parties within the workplace.*

**How to Minimise the Risk of Introduction of COVID-19 into Schools:**

Promote awareness of COVID-19 symptoms (***details at Section 5.1***);

* Advise staff and pupils that have symptoms not to attend school, to phone their doctor and to follow HSE guidance on self-isolation;
* Advise staff and pupils to self-isolate or restrict their movements at home if they display any signs or symptoms of COVID-19 and contact their family doctor to arrange a test
* Advise staff and pupils not to return to or attend school in the event of the following:
* if they are identified by the HSE as a close contact of a confirmed case of COVID-19
* if they live with someone who has symptoms of the virus
* If they have travelled outside of Ireland; in such instances staff are advised to consult and follow latest Government advice in relation to foreign travel.
* Advise staff and pupils that develop symptoms at school to bring this to the attention of the Principal promptly;
* Ensure that staff and pupils know the protocol for managing a suspected case of COVID-19 in school ***(details at Section 8);***
* Advise staff and pupils to cooperate with any public health officials and the school for contact tracing purposes and follow any public health advice in the event of a case or outbreak in the school;
* Everyone entering the school building needs to perform hand hygiene with a hand sanitiser;
* Visitors to the school during the day shouldbe by prior arrangement and should be received at a specific contact point;
* Physical distancing (of 2m) should be maintained between staff and visitors where possible.
  1. **Know the Symptoms of COVID-19**

In order to prevent the spread of COVID-19 it is important to know and recognise the symptoms. They are:

* High temperature
* Cough
* Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties
* Loss of smell, of taste or distortion of taste

Infection with the virus that causes COVID-19 can cause illness, ranging from mild to severe, and, in some cases, can be fatal. It can take up to 14 days for symptoms to show. They can be similar to symptoms of [cold](https://www2.hse.ie/conditions/common-cold.html) and [flu](https://www2.hse.ie/conditions/flu/flu-symptoms-and-diagnosis.html).

Common symptoms of coronavirus include:

* a fever (high temperature - 38 degrees Celsius or above).
* a new cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just dry.
* shortness of breath or breathing difficulties.
* loss or change in your sense of smell or taste – this means you’ve noticed you cannot smell or taste anything, or things smell or taste different to normal

If you have any common symptoms of COVID-19 (coronavirus), [self-isolate](https://www2.hse.ie/conditions/coronavirus/self-isolation/how-to-self-isolate.html) (stay in your room) and phone your family doctor straight away to see if you need [a COVID-19 test](https://www2.hse.ie/conditions/coronavirus/testing/how-to-get-tested.html). Other people in your household will need to [restrict their movements](https://www2.hse.ie/conditions/coronavirus/managing-coronavirus-at-home/if-you-live-with-someone-who-has-coronavirus.html) (stay at home).

Getting an early diagnosis means, you can get the help you need and take steps to avoid spreading the virus, if you have it.

For the complete list of symptoms, please refer to the HSE [Website](https://www2.hse.ie/conditions/coronavirus/symptoms.html).

**COVID-19 Tracker App**

COVID Tracker app is a free and easy-to-use mobile phone app that will:

* alert you if you have been in [close contact](https://www2.hse.ie/conditions/coronavirus/close-contact-and-casual-contact.html) with someone who has tested positive for COVID-19 (coronavirus)
* keep other app users safe by alerting them if you test positive for COVID-19
* give you advice on what to do if you have symptoms

You can download the free app from [Apple's AppStore](https://apps.apple.com/ie/app/covid-tracker-ireland/id1505596721) or the [GooglePlay store](https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=com.covidtracker.hse)

* 1. **Respiratory Hygiene**

Make sure you, and the people around you, follow good respiratory hygiene. This means covering your mouth and nose with a tissue or your bent elbow when you cough or sneeze. Then dispose of the used tissue immediately and safely into a nearby bin.

By following good respiratory hygiene, you protect the people around you from viruses such as cold, flu and Covid-19.

* 1. **Hand Hygiene**

Staff and pupils should understand why hand hygiene is important as well as when and how to wash their hands.

Schools should promote good hygiene and display posters throughout the schools on how to wash your hands. Follow the HSE guidelines on handwashing:

<https://www2.hse.ie/wellbeing/how-to-wash-your-hands.html>

Hand hygiene can be achieved by hand washing or use of a hand sanitiser (when hands look clean).

Use of hand hygiene facilities including wash hand basins needs to be managed so as to avoid congregation of pupils and staff waiting to use wash hand basins and hand sanitisers.

There is a requirement for access to hand washing facilities after activities that are likely to soil hands, for example playing outside or certain sporting activities as hand sanitiser does not work on dirty hands.

Hand sanitiser dispensers can be deployed more readily at exit and entry points of schools and classrooms and care should be taken to clean up any hand sanitiser spills to prevent risks of falls.

Warm water is preferable to hot or cold water for hand washing but if the plumbing system only supplies cold water, a soap that emulsifies easily in cold water should be used.

Wash hand basins, running water, liquid soap and hand drying facilities should be provided in all toilets, kitchens and any food preparation areas.

Hand washing facilities should be maintained in good condition and supplies of soap and towels should be topped up regularly to encourage everyone to use them.

Hot air dryers are an acceptable alternative for hand drying but must be regularly maintained. There is no evidence that hand dryers are associated with increased risk of transmission of COVID-19.

Posters displaying hand washing techniques and promoting hand washing should be placed on walls adjacent to washing facilities and can be laminated or placed in a plastic sleeve.

Hand sanitiser is suitable for use for hand hygiene when hands are not visibly soiled (look clean).

Evidence of effectiveness is best for alcohol based hand rubs but non-alcohol based hand rubs can be used too.

When hand rubs/gels are being used in school care should be taken to ensure that pupils do not ingest them as they are flammable and toxic. Alcohol-based sanitiser must not be stored or used near heat or naked flame

Young children should not have independent use of containers of alcohol gel.

**Frequency of Hand Hygiene**

Pupils and staff should perform hand hygiene:

* On arrival at school;
* Before eating or drinking;
* After using the toilet;
* After playing outdoors;
* When their hands are physically dirty;
* When they cough or sneeze.

The Department has arranged for a drawdown framework to be established to enable schools purchase hand-sanitisers and any other necessary PPE supplies for use in the school. . The Department will provide funding for the costs associated with hand sanitising and PPE requirements in schools.

* 1. **Physical Distancing**

Physical distancing can be usefully applied in primary and special school settings allowing for some flexibility when needed. It must be applied in a practical way to recognise that the learning environment cannot be dominated by a potentially counterproductive focus on this issue. Physical distancing will look different across the various ages and stages of learning. Care should be taken to avoid generating tension or potential conflict and some flexibility in the implementation of measures may be required at times.

It is also recognised that it is not always possible for staff to maintain physical distance from pupils and it is not appropriate that they would always be expected to do so where this could have a detrimental impact on the pupil i.e. if a child sustains an injury and requires first aid.

**However, where possible staff should maintain a minimum of 1m distance and where possible 2m. They should also take measures to avoid close contact at face to face level such as remaining standing rather than sitting beside/crouching down**.

Physical distancing falls into two categories:

* Increasing separation
* Decreasing interaction

***Increasing separation***

The guidance documents provided by the Department of Education on optimal school layout and referenced at ***Section 4.5*** above should be used by schools to increase separation to the greatest degree possible

To maintain physical distancing in the classroom, primary schools and special schools should:

1. Reconfigure class spaces to maximise physical distancing
2. Utilise and reconfigure all available space in the school in order to maximise physical distancing

To support primary schools and special schools in the implementation of physical distancing in the classroom, the Department has developed a suite of illustrative classroom layouts of potential options (including arrangements for special classes) which are in accordance with the public health advice, and assumes

* Room is clear of any unnecessary furniture/shelves etc. on the walls
* A variety of classroom sizes.

[A link to the suite of illustrative primary classroom layoutsis available here.](https://s3-eu-west-1.amazonaws.com/govieassets/82023/7612d390-4a73-4afb-ba06-5d1c41bd5a0a.pdf)

[A link to illustrative special classes is available here.](https://s3-eu-west-1.amazonaws.com/govieassets/81948/36874b14-f604-4966-b8c8-bc2954b73bbd.pdf)

Funding has been provided under the enhanced minor works grant to facilitate this classroom re-configuration works. .

**The teacher’s desk should be at least 1m and where possible 2m away from pupil desks.**

***Decreasing interaction***

The extent to which decreasing interaction is possible in a primary or special school will depend on the school setting and a common-sense approach is required recognising the limits to which this can be achieved between pupils.

In primary and special schools a distance of 1m should be maintained between desks or between individual pupils. It is recognised that younger children are unlikely to maintain physical distancing indoors. Therefore achieving this recommendation in the first four years of primary or special schools, is not a pre-requisite to reopening a primary or special school for all pupils.

Where possible work stations should be allocated consistently to the same staff and children rather than having spaces which are shared.

The risk of infection may be reduced by structuring pupils and their teachers into Class Bubbles (i.e. a class grouping which stays apart from other classes as much as possible) and discrete groups or “Pods” within those class bubbles, to the extent that this is practical.

If the class is divided into Pods, there should be at least (1m distance) between individual Pods within the Class Bubble and between individuals in the pod, whenever possible.

Generally speaking the objective is to limit contact and sharing of common facilities between people in different Class Bubbles (and Pods within those Class Bubbles) as much as possible, rather than to avoid all contact between Pods, as the latter will not always be possible.

The aim of the system within the school is that class grouping mix only with their own class from arrival at school in the morning until departure at the end of the school day. The Pods within those Class Bubbles is an additional measures, to limit the extent of close contact within the Class Bubble.

Pod sizes should be kept as small as is likely to be reasonably practical in the specific classroom context.

To the greatest extent possible, pupils and teaching staff should consistently be in the same Class Bubbles although this will not be possible at all times.

Different Class Bubbles should where possible have separate breaks and meal times or separate areas at break or meal times (or this could be different class years i.e. 2nd class, 3rd class etc.)

Sharing educational material between Pods should be avoided/minimised where possible.

Staff members who move from class bubble to class bubble should be limited as much as possible.

***Additional measures to decrease interaction include:***

Limit interaction on arrival and departure and in hallways and other shared areas.

Social physical contact (hand to hand greetings, hugs) should be discouraged.

Where pupils need to move about within the classroom to perform activities (access to a shared resource) it should be organized to the greatest degree possible to minimize congregation at the shared resource.

Staff and pupils should avoid sharing of personal items.

Encourage pupils to avoid behaviours that involve hand to mouth contact (putting pens/pencils in the mouth).

Where teaching and learning involves use of keyboards or tablets, the contact surface of the device should be cleaned regularly and hand hygiene encouraged.

**Physical Distancing outside of the classroom and within the school**

***School drop off/collection***

Arrangements for dropping off/collecting pupils should be arranged to encourage physical distancing of 2m where possible.

Walking/cycling to school should be encouraged as much as possible.

Arrangements should be made to maintain a distance of 2m between parents and guardians and between parents and guardians and school staff.

Aim of any arrangements is to avoid congregation of people at the school gates where physical distancing may not be respected.

Staggered drop off/pick up times should be considered where practical and feasible.

If schools have additional access points, consideration may be given to whether they can be used to reduce congestion.

Consideration may be given to where pupils congregate as they arrive at school. This could include heading straight to their small group designated learning space/classroom.

***Staff***

A distance of 2m is recommended for physical distancing by staff. This is particularly relevant to distancing between adults when they are not engaged in teaching such as the staff room and arriving to work.

If 2m cannot be maintained in staff groups, as much as distance as is possible and updated guidance on face covering should be observed.

Physical distancing should be observed between staff members within the staff room through the use of staggered breaks etc.

Staff meetings should be held remotely or in small groups or in large spaces to facilitate physical distancing.

Implement no hand shaking policy.

Minimise gathering of school staff at the beginning or end of the school day.

Staff can rotate between areas/classes but this should be minimized where possible.

***Canteen***

Ensure physical distancing is applied in canteen facilities

Stagger canteen use and extend serving times to align with class groupings.

Implement a queue management system.

Make sure pupils clean their hands before and after entering the canteen area.

***Corridors and Stairwells***

Briefly passing someone in a hall is very unlikely to contribute significantly to the spread of infection if people do not have physical contact and avoid informal group discussions.

***Yard/Supervision***

The risk of transmission from contact with outside surfaces or play areas is low.

Adjust play time/outdoor activities to minimise crowding at the entrance and exits.

It is not possible to maintain physical distancing when pupils in primary or special schools play together outdoors, but in so far as practical it is helpful to keep to consistent groups.

Stagger break times and outdoor access.

Children should be encouraged to perform hand hygiene before and after outdoor activities.

Minimise equipment sharing and clean shared equipment between uses by different people.

***Ventilation***

The Department has published guidance setting out the practical steps for good ventilation in accordance with public health advice ‘*Practical Steps for the Deployment of Good Ventilation Practices in Schools’* The guidance sets out an overall approach for schools that windows should be open as fully as possible when classrooms are not in use (e.g. during break-times or lunch-times (assuming not in use) and also at the end of each school day) and partially open when classrooms are in use. The guidance provides that good ventilation can be achieved in classrooms without causing discomfort, particularly during cold weather.

* 1. **Use of PPE in Schools**

The Department has published “[Guidance to Primary and Special Schools on PPE consumables and equipment](https://assets.gov.ie/83497/d48ade18-daa1-4610-9390-46e7312a9831.pdf)” on [www.gov.ie/backtoschool](http://www.gov.ie/backtoschool)

This provides schools with the information needed on the appropriate quantities of PPE consumables and equipment to support the full and safe reopening of schools.

The updated advice from the HPSC to the Department of Education has recommended that face coverings should be worn by staff members where it is not possible to maintain a physical distance of 2 metres from other staff, parents, essential visitors or pupils.  The Department has accepted this recommendation.  Accordingly, it is now a requirement for face coverings to be worn by staff members where it is not possible to maintain a physical distance of 2 metres from other staff, parents, essential visitors or pupils.

PPE will also need to be used at certain work activities or work areas. These might include roles such as:

* Performing intimate care
* Where a suspected case of COVID-19 is identified while the school is in operation
* Where staff are particularly vulnerable to infection but are not in the list of those categorised as people in very high risk groups, or may be living with people who are in a very high risk category
* Administering first aid
* Parent Teacher meetings

Where staff provide healthcare to children with medical needs in the school environment they should apply standard precautions as per usual practice.

**Reception Areas**

Consideration should be given to the use of Perspex in reception areas where it is not possible for staff to maintain a physical distance of 2metres from other staff or pupils. Minor works funding grant can be used for this purpose.

**Face Coverings/Face Visors/Masks**

Cloth face coverings act as a barrier to help prevent respiratory droplets from travelling into the air and onto other people when the person wearing the face covering coughs, sneezes, talks or raises their voice. Cloth face coverings are therefore intended to prevent transmission of the virus from the wearer (who may not know that they are infected) to those with whom they come into close contact.

In childcare and educational settings, the implementation of mandatory face-covering usage is challenging, as it is known that children will have a lower tolerance and ability to use the face covering properly, and use of face-coverings by teachers and staff caring for very young children may cause undue stress to the children.

It is not recommended that children attending primary school wear face-coverings.

It is now a requirement for face coverings to be worn by staff members where it is not possible to maintain a physical distance of 2 metres from other staff, parents, essential visitors or pupils.

In certain situations the use of clear visors should be considered, for example staff interacting with pupils with hearing difficulties or learning difficulties.

Cloth face coverings should not be worn by any of the following groups:

* Primary school children
* Any person with difficulty breathing
* Any person who is unconscious or incapacitated
* Any person who is unable to remove the face-covering without assistance
* Any person who has special needs and who may feel upset or very uncomfortable wearing the face covering, for example persons with intellectual or developmental disabilities, mental health conditions, sensory concerns or tactile sensitivity.

All staff wearing face coverings should be reminded to not touch the face covering and to wash or sanitise their hands (using hand sanitiser) before putting on and after taking off the face covering.

Information should be provided on the proper use, removal, and washing of cloth face coverings

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T6ZqdpLfSqw>

Cloth face coverings should be washed after every day of use and/or before being used again, or if visibly soiled.

Face coverings should not be worn if they are wet. A wet cloth face covering may make it difficult to breathe.

Schools should consider having additional disposable face coverings available for staff in case a back-up face covering is needed during the day.

Whilst staff may wish to utilise their own face covering on a day-to-day basis, schools should have available a stock of additional disposable or multi-use face coverings, or ifappropriate face visors, available for staff in case a back-up face covering is needed throughout the day or where required on an ongoing basis.

On the use of face masks by staff, schools should consider the specific circumstances where the use of medical face masks, to EU Standard EN 14683, may be moreappropriate for staff (for example where staff by necessity need to be in close and continued proximity with pupils with intimate care needs such as SNAs or School Bus Escorts). Wearing a face covering or mask does not negate the need to stay at home if symptomatic.

**Gloves**

The use of disposable gloves in the school by pupils or staff is not generally appropriate but may be necessary for cleaning, intimate care settings and when administering first aid.Routine use does not protect the wearer and may expose others to risk from contaminated gloves.

Routine use of disposable gloves is not a substitute for hand hygiene.

**Aprons**

Aprons may also be appropriate in certain circumstances including for intimate care needs or for staff assigned to cleaning an area where a suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 was present.

1. **Impact of COVID-19 on certain school activities**

The Department will work with stakeholders to provide more detailed advice on certain schools activities in advance of school reopening.

*Choir/Music Performance*

Choir practices/performances and music practices/performances involving wind instruments may pose a higher level of risk and special consideration should be given to how they are held ensuring that the room is well-ventilated and the distance between performers is maintained.

*Sport Activities*

Schools should refer to the HPSC guidance on Return to Sport. Link to return to sport protocols is found here.

<https://www.gov.ie/en/publication/07253-return-to-sport-protocols/>

*Shared Equipment*

Toys

All toys should be cleaned on a regular basis for example weekly. This will remove dust and dirt that can harbour germs.

Toys that are visibly dirty or contaminated with blood or bodily fluids should be taken out of use immediately for cleaning or disposal.

When purchasing toys choose ones that are easy to clean and disinfect (when necessary).

If cloth or soft toys are used they should be machine washable.

Jigsaws, puzzles and toys that young pupils to those with special educational needs may be inclined to put into their mouths should be capable of being washed and disinfected.

All play equipment should be checked for signs of damage for example breaks or cracks. If they cannot be repaired or cleaned they should be discarded.

Clean toys and equipment should be stored in a clean container or clean cupboard. The manufacturer’s instructions should always be followed.

At this time soft modelling materials and play dough where used should be for individual use only.

Cleaning Procedure for Toys

* Wash the toy in warm soapy water, using a brush to get into crevices.
* Rinse the toy in clean water.
* Thoroughly dry the toy.
* Some hard plastic toys may be suitable for cleaning in the dishwasher.
* Toys that cannot be immersed in water that is electronic or wind up should be wiped with a damp cloth and dried.
* In some situations toys/equipment may need to be disinfected following cleaning for example: toys/equipment that pupils place in their mouths. Toys/equipment that have been soiled with blood or body fluids or toys where a case of COVID-19 has been identified.
* If disinfection is required: A chlorine releasing disinfectant should be used diluted to a concentration of 1,000ppm available chlorine. The item should be rinsed and dried thoroughly.

Art – Where possible pupils should be encouraged to have their own individual art and equipment supplies.

Electronics – Shared electronic devices such as tablets, touch screens, keyboards should be cleaned between use and consideration could be given to the use of wipeable covers for electronics to facilitate cleaning.

Musical Equipment/Instruments – To the greatest extent possible, instruments should not be shared between pupils and if sharing is required, the instruments should be cleaned between uses.

Library Policy – Where practical pupils should have their own books. Textbooks that are shared should be covered in a wipeable plastic covering that can be wiped with a suitable household cleaning agent between uses. Pupils should be encouraged to perform hand hygiene after using any shared item.

Shared Sports Equipment – Minimise equipment sharing and clean shared equipment between uses by different people.

1. **Hygiene and Cleaning in Schools**

The Department of Education has providedadditional funding to schools to support the enhanced cleaning required to minimise the risks of COVID-19. Details of the funding supports have been provided to schools by way of circular and will be updated as required.

The specific advice in relation to school cleaning is set out in the HPSC advice and is covered in the induction training. This advice sets out the cleaning regime required to support schools to prevent COVID-19 infections and the enhanced cleaning required in the event of a suspected cases of COVID-19. Schools are asked to carefully read and understand the cleaning advice and to apply that to all areas of the school as appropriate.

Schools are reminded to take particular care of the hygiene arrangements for hand washing and toilet facilities.

In summary, each school setting should be cleaned at **least once per day**. Additional cleaning if available should be focused on frequently touched surfaces – door handles, hand rails, chairs/arm rests, communal eating areas, sink and toilet facilities.

All staff will have access to cleaning products and will be required to maintain cleanliness of their own work area. Under no circumstances should these cleaning materials be removed from the building.

Staff should thoroughly clean and disinfect their work area before and after use each day.

There should be regular collection of used waste disposal bags from offices and other areas within the school facility**.**

Shower facilities shall not be available for use by staff or pupils due to the increased risk associated with communal shower facilities and areas. This shall be reviewed in line with government guidance.

Staff must use and clean their own equipment and utensils (cup, cutlery, plate etc.)

***Cleaning/Disinfecting rooms where a pupil/staff member with suspected COVID-19 was present***

The room should be cleaned as soon as practicably possible.

Once the room is vacated the room should not be reused until the room has been thoroughly cleaned and disinfected and all surfaces are dry.

Disinfection only works on things that are clean. When disinfection is required it is always as well as cleaning.

Person assigned to cleaning should avoid touching their face while they are cleaning and should wear household gloves and a plastic apron.

Clean the environment and furniture using disposable cleaning cloths and a household detergent followed by disinfection with a chlorine based product (household bleach).

Pay special attention to frequently touched surfaces, the back of chairs, couches, door handles and any surfaces that are visibly soiled with body fluids.

Once the room has been cleaned and disinfected and all surfaces are dry, the room can be reused.

If a pupil or staff diagnosed with COVID-19 spent time in a communal area like a canteen, play area or if they used the toilet or bathroom facilities, then the areas should be cleaned with household detergent followed by a disinfectant (as outlined in the HPSC interim health advice) as soon as is practically possible.

1. **Dealing with a Suspected Case of COVID-19**

Staff or pupils should not attend school if displaying any symptoms of COVID-19. The following outlines how a school should deal with a suspected case that may arise in a school setting.

A designated isolation area should be identified within the school building. The possibility of having more than one person displaying signs of COVID-19 should be considered and a contingency plan for dealing with additional cases put in place. The designated isolation area should be behind a closed door and away from other staff and pupils.

If a staff member/pupil displays symptoms of COVID-19 while at school the following are the procedures to be implemented:

* If the person with the suspected case is a pupil, the parents/guardians should be contacted immediately;
* Isolate the person and have a procedure in place to accompany the individual to the designated isolation area via the isolation route, keeping at least 2m away from the symptomatic person and also making sure that others maintain a distance of at least 2m from the symptomatic person at all times;
* The isolation area does not have to be a room but if it is not a room it should be 2m away from others in the room;
* If it is not possible to maintain a distance of 2m, a staff member caring for a pupil should wear a face covering or mask. Gloves should not be used as the virus does not pass through skin;
* Provide a mask for the person presenting with symptoms. He/she should wear the mask if in a common area with other people or while exiting the premises;
* Assess whether the individual who is displaying symptoms can immediately be directed to go home/be brought home by parents who will call their doctor and continue self-isolation at home;
* Facilitate the person presenting with symptoms remaining in isolation if they cannot immediately go home and facilitate them calling their doctor. The individual should avoid touching people, surfaces and objects. Advice should be given to the person presenting with symptoms to cover their mouth and nose with the disposable tissue provided when they cough or sneeze and put the tissue in the waste bag provided;
* If the person is well enough to go home, arrange for them to be transported home by a family member, as soon as possible and advise them to inform their general practitioner by phone of their symptoms. Public transport of any kind should not be used;
* If they are too unwell to go home or advice is required, contact 999 or 112 and inform them that the sick person is a Covid-19 suspect;
* Carry out an assessment of the incident which will form part of determining follow-up actions and recovery;
* Arrange for appropriate cleaning of the isolation area and work areas involved – (***details at Section 7***).

The HSE will inform any staff/parents who have come into close contact with a diagnosed case via the contact tracing process. The HSE will contact all relevant persons where a diagnosis of COVID-19 is made. The instructions of the HSE should be followed and staff and pupil confidentiality is essential at all times. School staff should be encouraged to download the HSE COVID-19 tracker app to assist Public Health for contract tracing purposes. Both in and out of the school setting (see section 5.1).

1. **Special Educational Needs**

**Additional considerations for those with Special Educational Needs**

For children with special educational needs (SEN) maintaining physical distancing in many instances will not be practical or appropriate to implement. The focus should therefore be on emphasising that parents/guardians should have a heightened awareness of signs, symptoms or changes in baseline which suggests illness/COVID-19 infection and where symptoms are present children should not attend school.

Similarly staff should be aware of their responsibility not to attend work if they develop signs or symptoms of respiratory illness.

*Hand hygiene*

Children who are unable to wash their hands by themselves should be assisted to clean their hands using soap and water or a hand sanitiser (if their hands are visibly clean) as outlined previously.

*Equipment*

Some children may have care needs (physical or behavioural) which requires the use of aids and appliances and/or medical equipment for example toileting aids, moving and handling equipment, respiratory equipment. Where cleaning of aids and appliances is carried out in the school it is recommended that a cleaning schedule is provided, detailing when and how the equipment is cleaned and the cleaning products to be used in accordance with the manufacturers’ instructions.

The following points can guide the development of such cleaning schedule:

* Equipment used to deliver care should be visibly clean;
* Care equipment should be cleaned in accordance with the manufacturers’ instructions. Cleaning is generally achieved using a general purpose detergent and warm water.
* Equipment that is used on different children must be cleaned and, if required, disinfected immediately after use and before use by another child e.g. toileting aids;
* If equipment is soiled with body fluids:
* First clean thoroughly with detergent and water;
* Then disinfect by wiping with a freshly prepared solution of disinfectant;
* Rinse with water and dry.

1. **Staff Duties**

Staff have a statutory obligation to take reasonable care for their own health and safety and that of their colleagues and other parties. The cooperation and assistance of all staff is essential to reduce the risk of spread of COVID-19 and to protect health and safety as far as possible within the school. All staff have a key role to play. In this regard and in order to facilitate a safe return to work, these duties include, but are not limited to, the following:

* Adhere to the School COVID-19 Response Plan and the control measures outlined.
* Complete the RTW form before they return to work.
* Must inform the principal if there are any other circumstances relating to COVID19, not included in the form, which may need to be disclosed to facilitate their safe return to the workplace.
* Must complete COVID-19 Induction Training and any other training required prior to their return to school.
* Must be aware of, and adhere to, good hygiene and respiratory etiquette practices.
* Coordinate and work with their colleagues to ensure that physical distancing is maintained.
* Make themselves aware of the symptoms of COVID-19 and monitor their own wellbeing.
* Self-isolate at home and contact their GP promptly for further advice if they display any symptoms of COVID-19.
* Not return to or attend school if they have symptoms of COVID-19 under any circumstances.
* Not to return to or attend school in the event of the following:
* if they are identified as a close contact of a confirmed case of COVID-19
* if they live with someone who has symptoms of the virus
* If they have travelled outside of Ireland; in such instances staff are advised to consult and follow latest Government advice in relation to foreign travel.
* If they develop any symptoms of COVID-19 whilst within the school facility, they should adhere to the procedure outlined above.
* Keep informed of the updated advice of the publ**ic** health authorities and comply with same.

Cooperate with any public health personnel and their school for contact tracing purposes and follow any public health advice given in the event of a case or outbreak in their school

Undergo any COVID-19 testing that may be required as part of mass or serial testing as advised by Public Health

1. **COVID-19related Absence Management**

The management of a COVID-19 related absence will be managed in line with agreed procedures with the Department of Education.

1. **Employee Assistance and Wellbeing Programme**

The Department recognises the need for school staff wellbeing and collective self-care.  Support for school staff wellbeing will be provided by Department Support Services including the PDST and CSL, as well as by the HSE’s Health Promotion Team.  An [Occupational Health Strategy](https://www.education.ie/en/Education-Staff/Information/Occupational-Health-Strategy/) is in place as a supportive resource for staff in schools. The aim of the Occupational Health Strategy is to promote the health and wellbeing of employees in the workplace, with a strong focus on prevention.  The Occupational Health Strategy comprises the Employee Assistance Service and the Occupational Health Service. The Employee Assistance Service (EAS) is provided by Spectrum.Life under the logo of *‘Wellbeing Together: Folláinne Le Chéile’.*

The EAS is a self-referral service where employees have access to a dedicated free-phone confidential helpline 1800 411 057 available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year providing advice on a range of issues such as wellbeing, legal, financial, mediation, management support etc. The service is also available via SMS, WhatsApp, e-mail, live chat and call back request. All points of contact for the service are qualified, accredited and experienced mental health professionals.

Where required, short-term counselling is available to employees and their families (over the age of 18 years and living at home).

A bespoke wellbeing portal and app is available which offers access to podcasts, blogs, live chats and videos on topics around wellbeing and mental health, family life, exercise and nutrition. E-Learning programmes across mental health, sleep and a range of wellbeing topics are also available. In addition online cognitive behavioural therapy is provided.   As part of the services provided by Spectrum.Life a Mental Health Promotion Manager is available to develop and deliver evidence based mental health and wellbeing initiatives to reduce stigma and improve mental health literacy and to increase engagement with the service.  A series of weekly webinars and live talks to promote staff wellbeing in schools is current available on the wellbeing portal.

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**Appendix 1 - Risk Assessment**

**Methodology used for hazard identification and control**

In line with the requirements of Safety, Health and Welfare at Work Act 2005 (section 19) it is the policy of the BoM in Golden National School to address significant hazards and risks in the workplace, to access the risks to safety, health and welfare and to control these risks as far as is reasonably practicable.

The Board is committed to the ongoing identification of hazards, the assessment of the appropriate risks and the introduction of controls to deal with them. In addition, staff are involved and participate in safety, health and welfare issues within the school and are encouraged to identify and report any potential hazards that may exist and to ensure that a risk assessment is carried out.

This revised Risk Assessment includes all relevant updates and necessary control measures to minimise the risk of staff and others being exposed to Covid-19 and these will be incorporated into the Safety Statement for Golden N.S. in line with requirements of section 20 of the 2005 Act.

It is envisaged that additional reviews will be undertaken on a regular basis and in line with Government and public health advice to ensure that all information remains accurate, that controls are appropriate and where necessary risks are reassessed.

A **hazard**is anything with the potential to cause harm to the safety, health or welfare of staff, students, visitors and contractors – a wet or slippery floor, an unguarded machine, stressful work, a blocked entrance, hazardous chemicals etc. Hazards may be classified as physical, chemical, biological, environmental or human.

A **risk** is the likelihood that someone will be harmed by a hazard and the severity of that harm.

**Control measures:**

A control measure is an applied measure that reduces the level of risk. Control measures can be applied at the planning stage, can comprise physical measures, can be management issues and can include training. Good control measures will require a combination of some or all of these.

**Control measure principles:**

Schedule 3 of the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work Act 2005 lists the Principles of Prevention and the Board of Management undertakes to apply these principles (where practicable) in dealing with all risks within the school:

* Avoidance of risks
* Evaluation of unavoidable risks
* Combating of risks at source
* Adaptation of work to the individual
* Adaptation of workplace to technical progress
* Replacement of dangerous articles, substances or systems of work by safe or less dangerous articles, substances or systems of work
* Priority to collective protective measures over individual protective measures
* Development of an adequate prevention policy which takes account of technology, organisation of work, working conditions, social factors and the influence of factors relating to the working environment
* Appropriate training and instructions to employees.

When the safety audit identifies hazards, it is necessary to evaluate and rank them so that they can be controlled in an orderly way. The risk of a hazard is a measure of the likelihood or probability of an accident coupled with the severity of the injury or loss. The risk potential of each hazard was assessed (by ranking) by giving numerical values of between 1 and 5 to both the **severity** of the consequences and the **probability** of the event occurring. When the severity numerical factor and the probability numerical factor were multiplied together, they produced a number between 1 and 25 thereby producing the numerical values outlined in **risk rating** chart below.

**Severity x Probability = Risk Rating**

**Severity**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Severity Rating** | **Interpretation** | **Numerical Value** |
| Fatality or Catastrophic | Single or multiple fatalities, widespread illness, large scale property or equipment damage | 5 |
| Major | Serious injury or illness, significant property or equipment damage | 4 |
| Moderate | Injury and damage to property | 3 |
| Minor | Minor injury or illness, minor property or equipment damage | 2 |
| Trivial | No significant injury or illness, no significant property or equipment damage | 1 |

**Probability/Likelihood**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Probability Rating** | **Interpretation** | **Numerical Value** |
| Inevitable | Likely to occur either immediately or in the short term | 5 |
| Very Likely | Could occur in time or if repeated enough | 4 |
| Likely | Likely to occur | 3 |
| Unlikely | Though unlikely, may occur over time | 2 |
| Rare | Unlikely to occur at all | 1 |

**Risk Rating**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Numerical Value**  Severity x Probability | **Descriptive risk rating** | **Interpretation** |
| 16 – 25 | **Emergency – Extremely serious**  If an incident were to occur, it would be likely  that a permanent, debilitating injury or death  would result | Risks are unacceptable and immediate action required justifying special maintenance. Activity should be halted and stopped until the hazard is eliminated or appropriate risk controls are put in place. |
| 11 – 15 | **Severe and Serious**  If an incident were to occur, it would be likely  that an injury requiring medical treatment would  result. | Activity can proceed but substantial efforts should be made to reduce the risk. Risk reduction measures should be implemented urgently within a defined time period and it might be necessary to consider suspending or restricting the activity or to apply interim control measures until this has been completed. |
| 6 – 10 | **Medium**  If an incident were to occur, there would be  some chance that an injury requiring First Aid  treatment would result | Activity can proceed but consideration should be given as to whether the risks can be lowered. Control measures must be monitored and reviewed as required to ensure they remain suitable and sufficient. |
| 1 – 5 | **Trivial or Negligible**If an incident were to occur, there would be little  likelihood that an injury would result | No additional controls are necessary as these risks are considered acceptable. Activity should be regularly reviewed to ensure there is no change to the risk rating and that controls are maintained. |

**\*Note:** A numerical rating has been used in column 4 of the risk assessment sheets to describe the risk potential for the hazard identified This method has been used in an attempt to ensure that the levels of risk will be understood and clear to all those operating within the school.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Who may be affected?** | | **Identified Risks** | **Risk Communication, Education and Training** | | | **Risk Rating with controls** | | **Action implementation** | |
| **Controls** | | |
| **Staff** | | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | The Board of Management will develop a response plan for the prevention and mitigation of Covid-19 following a risk assessment of the school facility. This plan will highlight the measures necessary to protect the health and safety of staff in re-opening and modifying the work arrangements within the school.  The staff representative(s) will be properly consulted when developing and implementing the action plan for the prevention and mitigation of Covid-19 within the school and all staff will be informed about the measures being introduced, using specific risk communication and staff engagement approaches.  The Board of Management will:   * Ensure that all staff receive necessary training prior to returning to work * Provide posters, information and electronic message boards to increase awareness of Covid-19 among staff and pupils * Promote safe individual practices within the school campus * Engage with staff in providing feedback on the preventive measures and their effectiveness * Provide regular information about the risk of Covid-19 using official sources, such as government agencies (HSE, HSA, etc.) and the World Health Organisation * Emphasise the effectiveness of adopting protective measures especially good personal hygiene * Provide specific training in the proper use of PPE for staff, where required | | | Negligible | | Board of Management Principal  Staff | |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | | | |
| Assessment Date: | | | | | Assessor’s Name: | | | | |
| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | | | **Hygiene** | | | **Risk Rating with controls** | | **Action implementation** | |
| **Controls** | | |
| All staff  Pupils  Visitors  Contractors  Public | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | | | The BoM will ensure that all staff can wash their hands regularly. Hot water and appropriate santitisers (i.e. hand gel dispensers, etc.) will be available throughout the school. Staff should:   * Wash their hands properly and often. Hands should be washed:   + After coughing or sneezing   + Before and after eating or preparing food   + Before and after using protective gloves   + Before and after being on public transport   + When arriving and leaving the school campus   + After toilet use * Cover theirmouth and nose with a tissue or their sleeve when coughing and sneezing. * Put used tissues into a bin and wash their hands * Develop a routine of incresed cleaning and disinfecting of frequently touched objects and surfaces   The BoM will supply required cleaning products, will ensure the correct use  and storage of disinfectants and will ensure all products are stored safely and securely.  No employees are permitted to attend work if they display any of the symptoms below: -   * Fever (temperature of 37.5 degrees or above) * Cough * Shortness of breath * Breathing difficulties   Any Staff Member displaying symptoms must self-isolate and not attend school for 14 days. Any staff member living with someone who is self-isolating or waiting for a Covid-19 test must restrict their movements for 14 days.  Any Staff Member who has tested positive for Covid-19 must not return to work until deemed fit to do so and upon approval of their medical advisor  Staff can follow https://www2.hse.ie/ for regular updates or can contact HSELive for advice **1850 241850** | | | Requires monitoring | | Board of Management Principal  Staff  Visitors | |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | | | |
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| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Hygiene** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| All staff  Pupils  Visitors  Contractors  Public | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | The Board of Management will ensure that:   * Appropriate signage in line with public health guidelines will be displayed throughout school facility (buildings and grounds). * Appropriate social distancing markings are in place * Necessary PPE is available to staff * Standard cleaning and maintenance regimes are put in place and detailed records retained * Toilet facilities are cleaned regularly * Equipment sharing is minimised. Staff are encouraged not to share equipment * There is regular cleaning of frequently touched surfaces and that staff are provided with essential cleaning materials to keep their own work areas clean (for example wipes/disinfection products, paper towels and waste bins/bags) * All school equipment is sanitised * Covid compliant work areas to be available where social distancing guidelines can be applied * Bins are provided for disposal of waste materials (tissues, paper towels, wipes, etc.) and that adequate waste collection arrangements to be put in place to ensure they do not overflow * All waste collection points are emptied regularly throughout and at the end of each day. * Staff use gloves when removing rubbish bags or handling and disposing of any   Rubbish and they wash hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds afterwards | | Requires monitoring | Board of Management Principal  Staff  Visitors |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
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| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Social Distancing** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| All staff  Pupils  Visitors  Contractors  Public | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | Physical distancing is currently a key control measure in reducing the spread of infection.  The Board of Mangement will ensure that:   * all persons will adhere to relevant social distancing rules in relation to entering the   school and while working in the school   * physical spacing) for work stations and common spaces, such as entrances/exits, kithchen areas, staffroom, stairs, where congregation or queuing of staff, or students of visitors might occur * Yard will be divided into sections and school supervision procedures must be strictly adhered to * Appropriate signage in line with public health guidelines will be displayed throughout school facility (buildings and grounds) * Appropriate social distancing arangements will be in place throughout the facility. Classes divided into class bubbles and senior classes divided into discrete groups called ‘pods’ within the class bubbles. * Meetings of staff will take place only where social distancing can be maintained * There is currently a strict no handshaking policy and no hugging in place within the school * All staff, contractors and visitors should avoid direct physical contact with any other persons as far as possible | | Requires monitoring  Serious | Board of Management Principal  Staff  Visitors |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
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| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Cleaning** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| Staff especially cleaning staff | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | All cleaning will be undertaken in line with DES and public health guidance.   * Staff are responsible for cleaning personal items that have been brought to work and items handled at work or during breaks. Staff advised to clean personal items that they have bring to work (e.g. mobile phones) and to avoid leaving them down on communal surfaces or they will need to clean the surface after the personal item is removed * Cleaning staff will be trained in the new cleaning arrangements for the school * Sufficient cleaning materials and PPE will be available to allow for increased cleaning * Cleaning staff will be instructed to wear gloves when cleaning and are aware of the need to wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water, both before and after wearing gloves * System in place for the disposable of cleaning cloths and used wipes in a rubbish bag Current HSE guidance recommends waste such as cleaning waste, tissues etc. from a person suspected of having Covid-19 should be double bagged and stored in a secure area for 72 hours before being presented for general waste collection * System in place to make sure reusable cleaning equipment including mop heads and non-disposable cloths are clean before re-use * System in place to ensure that equipment such as buckets are emptied and cleaned with a fresh solution of disinfectant before re-use | | Requires monitoring | Board of Management  Principal  Staff |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
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| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Office and administration areas** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| Staff | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | * Office capacity to be limited to facilitate the maintenance of physical distancing between designated workstations and staff * The number of employees permitted to work in an office at any particular time shall be limited to 2 people as a necessary control measure to protect health and safety. | | Requires monitoring | Board of Management Principal  Administration staff |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
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| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Use of PPE** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| Staff | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | The correct use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) such as face shields/visors or clear plastic barriers or Perspex screens etc. may be required in some circumstances to address identified risks of spread of the virus.  Where PPE is required by staff, they will be notified accordingly and be provided with the necessary PPE and provided with training and information in the proper use, cleaning, storage and disposal of PPE.  Face coverings are to be worn by all staff where a distance of 2m cannot be maintained  PPE needs to be consistently and properly worn when required. In addition, it must be regularly inspected, cleaned, maintained and replaced as necessary.  Current general guidance from the HSE in relation to the wearing of face coverings, masks and gloves is available at the following Link:[**https://www2.hse.ie/conditions/coronavirus/face-masks-disposable-gloves.html**](https://www2.hse.ie/conditions/coronavirus/face-masks-disposable-gloves.html)  Face masks will be provided to all staff.  Gloves are not required generally within the workplace for infection prevention and control purposes according to current guidance. Due to the risks associated with the usage of gloves, the Board of Management will not be providing gloves to staff for general use.  \*Face coverings are not recommended to be worn by children under 13 years. | | Requires monitoring | Board of Management Principal  Staff |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
| Assessment Date: | | | Assessor’s Name: | | |
| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Handling books and other resources during Covid-19** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| Staff (particularly SNAs, school secretaries and school book rental co-ordinator) | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | The Board of Management has to prepare for the return of school books)and other resource materials including IT equipment art of the new school year. The following guidelines are recommended for staff when receiving or assisting in compiling resource packs:   * Maintain physical distancing * Observe good hygiene (hand washing and respiratory etiquette, do not touch your eyes, nose, mouth with unwashed hands, etc.) before and after handling books and other materials returned to the school * Follow the agreed school protocols if you are displaying symptoms of Covid-19 * Any books or other items (resource packs, computers, etc.) being returned to the school should be quarantined for 72 hours. Quarantining means placing these items in sealed boxes that are labelled with the time and date of the start of the 72-hour quarantine period. These boxes should be stored in a separate location away from active work areas within the school * Following the expiry of the 72-hour quarantine period the items may be unboxed, cleaned and prepared for the next school year * Hands should be washed in line with relevant guidance * Children will be required to have 2 pencil cases, 1 for at home and 1 for at school to avoid sharing of stationery among students. | | Requires monitoring | Board of Management Principal  Staff |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
| Assessment Date: | | | Assessor’s Name: | | |
| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Using hand tools or equipment** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| **All staff** | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | * Staff must wear the appropriate PPE for the nature of the work that they are undertaking * All tools and equipment must be properly sanitised to prevent cross contamination * Arrangements should be put in place for one individual to use the same tool, equipment and machinery as far as is reasonably practicable * Cleaning material will be available so that all tools can be wiped down with disinfectant between each use * All mobile machinery (including lawnmowers) must be thoroughly cleaned and santisied prior to use | | Requires monitoring | Board of Management  Principal  Staff |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
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| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Dealing with a suspected case of Covid-19** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| Staff  Pupils  Visitors  Contractors | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | **The Board of Management will*:***   * Appoint an appropriate person for dealing with suspected cases. * Have a designated isolation area available within the school building. The designated area and the route to the designated area should be easily accessible and as far as is reasonable and practicable, should be accessible by people with disabilities. The possibility of having more than one person displaying signs of Covid-19 needs to be considered so having additional isolation areas available or another contingency plan for dealing with additional cases must be planned. It would be important that the designated area has the ability to isolate the person behind a closed door and away from other workers   **If a person displays symptoms of Covid-19 the following procedure is to be implemented**:   * Isolate the person and have a procedure in place to accompany the individual to the designated isolation area via the isolation route, keeping at least 2 metres away from the symptomatic person and also making sure that others maintain a distance of at least 2 metres from the symptomatic person at all times. * Provide a mask for the person presenting with symptoms if one is available. He/she should wear the mask if in a common area with other people or while exiting the premises. * Assess whether the individual who is displaying symptoms can immediately be directed to go home and call their doctor and continue self-isolation at home. * Facilitate the person presenting with symptoms remaining in isolation if they cannot immediately go home and facilitate them calling their doctor. The individual should avoid touching people, surfaces and objects. Advice should be given to the person presenting with symptoms to cover their mouth and nose with the disposable tissue provided when they cough or sneeze and put the tissue in the waste bag provided | | Requires monitoring | Board of Management  Principal  Staff |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
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| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Dealing with a suspected case of Covid-19 (continued)** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| Staff  Pupils  Visitors  Contractors | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | * If the person is well enough to go home, arrange for them to be transported home by a family member, as soon as possible and advise them to inform their general practitioner by phone of their symptoms. Public transport of any kind should not be used * If they are too unwell to go home or advice is required, contact 999 or 112 and inform them that the sick person is a Covid-19 suspect. * Carry out an assessment of the incident which will form part of determining follow-up actions and recovery. * Arrange for appropriate cleaning of the isolation area and work areas involved. | | Requires monitoring | Board of Management Principal  Staff |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
| Assessment Date: | | | Assessor’s Name: | | |
| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Covid-19 cleaning** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| Staff  Pupils  Visitors | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | All cleaning will be undertaken in line with DES and public health guidance.   * It is recommended cleaning an area with normal household disinfectant after a suspected coronavirus (Covid-19) case. This wil reduce the risk of passing the infection on to other people * The area should be kept closed and secure for 72 hours (if possible) for cleaning as the amount of virus living on surfaces will have reduced significantly by 72 hours * For cleaning purposes, wear a face mask, disposable or washing up gloves. These should be double-bagged, then stored securely for 72 hours and then put with the regular rubbish after cleaning is finished   should be double-bagged,   * Using a disposable cloth, first clean hard surfaces with warm soapy water. Then disinfect these surfaces with the cleaning products you normally use. Pay particular attention to frequently touched areas and surfaces, such as toilets, banisters on stairwells and door handles * If an area has been heavily contaminated, such as with visible bodily fluids, from a person with coronavirus (Covid-19) consider using protection for the eyes, mouth and nose, as well as wearing gloves and apron * Wash hands regularly with soap and water for 20 seconds  and after removing gloves, aprons and other protection used while cleaning * Public areas where a symptomatic individual has passed through and spent minimal time, such as corridors, but which are not visibly contaminated with body fluids can be cleaned as normal * All surfaces that the symptomatic person has come into contact with must be cleaned and disinfected, including objects which are visibly contaminated with body fluids | | Serious  Requires monitoring | Board of Management  Principal  Cleaning staff |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
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| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Cleaning a space with a suspected/confirmed case of Covid-19** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| Staff  Pupils  Visitors | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | All cleaning will be undertaken in line with DES and public health guidance.  Use disposable cloths or paper roll and disposable mob heads to clean all hard surfaces, floors, chairs,door handlesand sanitary fittings, using an approved and recognised detergent and disinfectant in line with the manufacturer’s instructions for dilution, aplication and contact times  Disinfectants used should be  effective against viruses.  **Additionally:**  Avoid creating splashes and spray when cleaning.  Any cloths and mop heads used must be disposed of and should be put into waste bags as outlined below.  Any items that have been heavily contaminated with bodyfluids and that cannot be cleaned by washing should be disposed of  If possible,keep an area closed off and secure for 72 hours. After this time the amount of virus  contamination will have decreased substantially, and cleaning can take place as normal | | Serious  Requires monitoring | Board of Management  Principal  Cleaning staff |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
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| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Cleaning a space with a suspected/confirmed case of Covid-19 (continued)** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| Staff  Pupils  Visitors | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | **Waste Management**   * Waste should be put in a plastic rubbish bag and tied when full * The plastic bag should then be placed in a second bin bag and tied * It should be put in a suitable and secure place and marked for storage until the   individual’s test results are known   * All waste should be stored safely and kept away from children. You should not put   waste in communal waste areas until negative test results are known or the waste  has been stored for at least 72 hours   * If the individual tests negative, the waste can be put in with the normal waste. If the   individual tests positive, then store it for at least 72 hours and put in with the normal  waste | | Serious  Requires monitoring | Board of Management  Principal  Cleaning staff |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
| Assessment Date: | | | Assessor’s Name: | | |

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| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Travel to and from work** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| Staff | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | Where a staff member exhibits any signs of Covid-19 or has been exposed to a confirmed case **they should not travel to work.**  Wherever possible, staff should travel to work alone using their own means oftransport – staff should not share transport to or from work.  If availing of public transport, sit down to minimise contact with frequently touched surfaces,  handles,roofstraps,isolation bars, etc.  Wear a face mask and carry hand santiser (at least 60% alcohol) and use it regularly throughout your journey. | | Requires monitoring | All staff |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
| Assessment Date: | | | Assessor’s Name: | | |
| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Dropping off and picking up of pupils** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| Staff  Pupils  Parents/guardians  Bus and taxi drivers  Wider Community | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | Arrangements for dropping off and picking up pupils from the school facility will be organised to maintain, as far as is reasonably practicable, a safe social distance between drivers/parents/guardians and all school staff.  Nobody is permitted on the school grounds until 9:20a.m. for assembly in the Astroturf. From 9:30a.m. children will walk to their classrooms with their teacher. Congregating in the school yard or at the school gate is strictly prohibited. If people arrive before 9:20a.m. they are asked to wait in their cars or in the School Zone, depending on the weather.  Parents are not permitted on the school yard/grounds.  At 2:10 p.m., infants will be collected. Parents of infants are encouraged to adhere to social distancing protocols  At 3:10p.m. children will assemble in their allocated zone in the Astroturf area to await collection from a parent/guardian. | | Requires monitoring | Board of Management  Principal  Staff  Bus and taxi drivers |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
| Assessment Date: | | | Assessor’s Name: | | |

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| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Visitors to school** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| Staff  Pupils  Wider Community | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | The Board of Management will ensure the safety and wellbeing of all visitors to the school premises.  Visits to the school will be severely restricted and visitors will be asked to:   * Make a prior appointment before visiting the school * Remain at home if they have any Covid-19 symptoms * Follow the agreed Covid-19 protocols for the school * Sanitise before entering the premises * Attendance to be recorded on entry to building * Wear face coverings * Adhere to social distancing requirements * Not to loiter – complete their business and leave premises | | Requires monitoring | Board of Management  Principal |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
| Assessment Date: June, 2020 | | | Assessor’s Name: | | |

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| **Who may be affected?** | **Identified Risks** | **Management of deliveries and supplies to school** | | **Risk Rating with controls** | **Action implementation** |
| **Controls** | |
| Staff  Pupils  Drivers  Wider Community | Spread of Covid-19 virus  Persons currently deemed most at risk of complications if they catch the coronavirus are:  • 60 years of age and over  • have long-term medical conditions – i.e. heart disease, lung disease, high blood pressure, diabetes or cancer  • pregnant women  Known effects of the coronavirus:  • A fever (high temperature of 37.5 degrees Celsius or above)  • A cough - this can be any kind of cough, not just a dry cough  • Shortness of breath or breathing difficulties  • Loss of sense of smell  • Loss of sense of taste or distortion of sense of taste  •Death | * All drivers to remain in their vehicle and to follow instructions to set down area * Ensure that all delivery transactions comply with physical distancing requirements * Agree a delivery protocol with suppliers * All deliveries to be planned with allocated times for collections and deliveries * Arrangements to be made for paperless deliveries * System to be agreed with suppliers to ensure reconciliations are accurate | | Requires monitoring | Board of Management  Principal  Staff  Delivery personnel |
| Risk Level Calculation  (a) Severity of risk/injury 1=trivial, 2=slight, 3=moderate, 4=major, 5=fatality  (b) Likelihood of event 1=rare, 2=unlikely, 3=likely, 4=very likely, 5=inevitable  (c) Risk Rating = (a) X (b) | | | Risk Level Action  1-5 Trivial risk Acceptable  6-10 Medium risk Requires monitoring  11-15 Severe risk Requires immediate further action and control  16-25 Emergency risk Halt activity and review immediately | | |
| Assessment Date: | | | Assessor’s Name: | | |

**Declaration of Sight**

I have read and understand the contents of this document.

Signed: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_